# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



H345 Rapid Surfacer Hardener

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet,
Article 10 Paragraph 1

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : H345 Rapid Surfacer Hardener

Product code : 202125

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Not applicable.

..

Uses advised against Not applicable.

C. Manufacturer : Valspar b.v.

Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200

fax: +31 (0)320 292201

Importer : (주)클라텍

경기도 안양시 동안구 안양판교로 26-14,705 (관양동, 동진윗츠빌)

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and

the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol





Signal word : Warning

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Prevention**

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

## **Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# C. Other hazards which do

: None known.

not result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE ISOCYANURATE-TYPE OLIGOMERS	CAS: 28182-81-2	≥75 - ≤80
n-butyl acetate	BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	≥20 - ≤25

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

## A. Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

## **B.** Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

#### C. Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

## **D.** Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## E. Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

# Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

## A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

# B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

# C. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions
- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

# controls

B. Appropriate engineering: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental** exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

## **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D

#### Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists. gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.

#### **Hand protection**

- Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 polyethylene/ ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVAL) >= 0.7 mm
  - < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.

## **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Colourless.

B. Odour : Characteristic.
C. Odour threshold : Not available.
D. pH : Not applicable.
E. Melting/freezing point : Not applicable.
F. Boiling point, initial : 123°C (253.4°F)

boiling point, and boiling range

G. Flash point : Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
H. Evaporation rate : 1 (butyl acetate = 1)

I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
 J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) : Lower: 1.38% Upper: 7.6%

limits

**K. Vapour pressure** : 1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg)

L. Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : Not applicable.

Miscible with water : No.

M. Vapour density : 4 [Air = 1]

N. Relative density : 1.093

Density : 1.093 g/cm³

O. Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

octanol/water

P. Auto-ignition temperature

: 415°C (779°F)

Q. Decomposition temperature

: Not applicable.

Heat of combustion :

: 5.59 kJ/g

**R.** Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Particle characteristics** 

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**C.** Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

D. Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

# B. <u>Health hazards</u>

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m³	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2.18 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
				500 mg	

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
amoroyamano, engemeno	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

# **CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test OECD 476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene	Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Negative Negative
	Mutation Test	Metabolic activation: +/-	

## **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3.5	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

# **Chronic toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
,	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female		90 days; 6 hours per day

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Numerical measures of toxicity**

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	,	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
H345 Rapid Surfacer Hardener	N/A	2500	N/A	13.8	N/A
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	N/A		N/A	11	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10760		N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

# A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i>	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Algae	96 hours 72 hours

## B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EU 67/548/EEC ANNEX V, C.4. E.	1 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>80 % - 5 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Fresh water 7.7 days, 23°C	-	Not readily
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily

## C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low

## D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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# Section 12. Ecological information

E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- **B.** Disposal precautions
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

UN

**IMDG** 

: **Special provisions** 163, 223, 367

: Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

**Special provisions** 163, 223, 367, 955

**IATA** 

**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3, A72, A192

F. Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

## A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117

(Harmful substances

prohibited from manufacture)

**ISHA** article 118

: None of the components are listed.

: None of the components are listed.

(Harmful substances requiring permission)

**Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on** 

**Substances Hazardous** 

to Youth

: Not applicable.

## **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

n-butyl acetate

**Annex 19 (Exposure** standards established for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: None of the components are listed.

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

**Annex 21 (Harmful** factors subject to Work

**Environment Measurement)** 

**Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-**

up)

Standard of Industrial

Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to

control)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs**: None of the components are listed.

: The following components are listed: n-butyl acetate

: The following components are listed: n-butyl acetate

## B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

CCA Article 11 (TRI) : None of the components are listed. Article 18 Prohibited (K- : None of the components are listed.

**Reach Article 27)** 

**Article 19 Subject to** authorization (K-Reach : None of the components are listed.

Article 25)

**Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach** 

Article 20)

Article 20 Restricted (K- : None of the components are listed.

: Not applicable

**Reach Article 27)** 

**CCA Article 39** 

: None of the components are listed.

(Accident Precaution

Chemicals)

**Existing Chemical** 

**Substances Subject to** 

Registration

: The following components are listed: Hexamethylene diisocyanate

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

C. Dangerous Materials
Safety Management Act

: Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

#### E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

## **International regulations**

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

## **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

# Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic** 

Union Japan : Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted. **Thailand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Turkey** : All components are listed or exempted. **United States** : All components are active or exempted. **Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

A. References : - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

- United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX

B. Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 10/18/2023

C. Version : 1

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D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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# Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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